Normal pressure high temperature superheated steam cooker

SV Roaster

Defeat common sense of cooking method by SV Roaster!

(SV roaster = Normal pressure high temperature superheated steam cooker)



- (1) Superheated steam is high-temperature steam above the boiling
- **point** *the only one definition
 - (2) It is colorless and transparent H2O (water) gas
 - (3) Maintaining large heat capacity, ergo presence of latent heat
 - (4) In food heating, **Condensation process and drying process** are

performed water heating Water vapor heating

(5) It is possible to form an ultra low oxygen atmosphere filled with

water vapor



superheated steam

What is superheated steam?

1 It has a huge amount of heat : Presence of latent heat

<u>Sensible heat : The state of the object dose not change, but the heat generated when the temperature goes up and down</u>

Example) The water temperature at 15°C rises up to 65°C hot water (liquid)

Latent heat:Although the temperature of the object does not change, the heat generated when the state changes



Figure Change in specific enthalpy from water vapor (under atmospheric pressure)

1 It has a huge amount of heat

Reduce cooking time

1 Shoter machine dimensions * When the operating time is constant

O r Cooking operation time is shortened, personnel expenses are suppressed * When the machine dimensions are constant

② By shortening the drip outflow time, it prevents the spillage of extracts such as UMAMI ingredients,

And the yield is greatly improved



Frozen hamburger steak

② Cooking of **condensation process and drying process** is performed

The image of cooking with water vapor is "steamed bake" However, our steam heating mechanism is actually **"baking after steaming"** We are using superheated steam technology well.



Heat and heat heating early in heating

Dry heating from when the surface temperature reaches saturation temperature

Condensation process

from **Drying process**

Cooking of condensation process and drying process is performed Increase yield

Very juicy finished. X Eat delicious after the range up
 With respect to the prepared foods that are selling



< Other effects due to condensation >

• Warm vegetable cooking keeps moist state by condensed water adhering to the surface of food ingredients and suppresses surface hardening.

• It is said that strong bactericidal effect is exhibited by drying after condensation against bacteria attached to food surface.

· Food of new texture is made depending on ingredients. Example) Bread

SV Roaster Structure and features

SV Roaster

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Oxygen concentration not more than 0.1% (Our test data)

Circulation Re - Jet method

Continuous superheated steam

運統式 過熱水蒸気調理機 and the second state

SV Roaster Structure and features



Circular Re-Jet method

Advantages of circulating Re-Jet method

1 By recovering steam, **reheating and reusing it significant reduction in steam consumption**

2 Increased steam flow rate and flow rate Heat exchange amount UP ⇒ Time saving



2 Increased steam flow rate and flow rate $\frac{\text{Heat exchange amount}}{\text{UP} \Rightarrow \text{Time saving}}$

Circulating fan operation speeds up circulating steam flow.

Superheated steam injection velocity in the circulation fan stopped state is 5 to 7 m /

sec , whereas it is injected at a flow velocity of <u>25 m / sec (about 4 times) during the</u>

circulation fan operation .

The injection flow speed increases = the injection flow rate increases and the heat exchange amount to the object to be heated also increases.



Flow velocity / flow rate 4 times

- (1) Continuous superheated steam oven
 - Heat exchanger can be selected from electric type and gas type

(2) Oxygen concentration that represents the quality of superheated steam as a numerical value is realized to 0.1 % or less in the heat chamber atmosphere

- ⇒ Pursuit of superheated steam
- High quality superheated steam suppresses food oxidation
- High quality superheated steam reduces cooking time
- High quality superheated steam, juicy finish with high yield
- (3) Circulation Re-Jet system adopted
 - Reduce supply steam volume by circulating Re-Jet system
 - Mode selection is possible by circulating Re-Jet system

• Circulation Re-Jet system speeds convection of superheated steam inside the heat

chamber and reduces cooking time

SV Roaster Structure, features & Cleanliness



□ LCD color touch panel controller



Specification of SV roster

(1) specification %Electric & gas type

| Producing superheated steam method | Saturated water vapor is supplied from equipment and connected, and overheated by a heat exchanger (electric type / gas type) built in the machine | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Method of heating food | Continuous conveyor type Overheated steam internal circulation / circulation Re-Jet system | | | | | | |
| Overheated steam temperature setting range | 100° C to 250° C | | | | | | |
| Heat treatment time setting range | 2 minutes 30 seconds to 25 minutes | | | | | | |
| Circulation fan setting range | 30 Hz to 60 Hz | | | | | | |
| Oxygen concentration | At least 0.1 % (Nakanishi test data) | | | | | | |
| Steam amount control | Steam amount can be controlled in 7 steps * It is possible to create the following condition Superheated steam mode (Oxygen concentration: 0.1 % or less) Hybrid mode (Oxygen concentration 5 to 15 %: high temperature moist and hot air) Hot air mode (Oxygen concentration 21 %: high temperature dry air) Steamer mode (Oxygen concentration 0.1 % or less: saturated steam) | | | | | | |
| Method of operation | Touch panel operation Cooking condition setting, menu registration 100 item, maintenance mode, cleaning mode | | | | | | |
| Temperature control | Temperature control is possible for each unit (Multiplexer only) | | | | | | |

Specification of SV roster

\bigstar Electrical type specification

| | Single- stage svJ-1E | Duplicate S V J - 2 E | Triplet svJ-3e | Quadruped s v J - 4 E | Five-stage SVJ-5E | Six consecutive S V J - 6 E |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| External dimensions (mm) | 2,750W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 4,500W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 6,250W× 1,350D× 1,865H | 8,000 W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 9,750W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 11,500W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H |
| Power consumption (3 phases 200 V) | 49.6kW | 98.12kW | 147.2kW | 196.2kW | 245.2kW | 294.2kW |
| Steam consumption | 240kg/h | 320kg/h | 380kg/h | 380kg/h | 380kg/h | 380kg/h |

\bigstar Gas type specification

| | Single- stage svJ-1G | Duplicate svJ-2G | Triplet svj-зg | Quadruped svJ-4G | Five-stage svj-5g | Six consecutive S V J - 6 G |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| External dimensions (mm) | 2,750W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 4,500W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 6,250W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 8,000W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 9,750W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H | 11,500W × 1,350 D × 1,865 H |
| Power consumption (3 phases 200 V) | 3.81W | 7.62kW | 11.45kW | 15.2kW | 18.95kW | 22.7kW |
| Gas consumption | 80,625kcal/h (93.75kW) | 161,250kcal/h (187.5kW) | 241,875kcal/h (281.25kW) | 322,500kcal/h (375.0kW) | 403,125kcal/h (468.75kW) | 483,750kcal/h (562.5kW) |
| Steam consumption | 240kg/h | 320kg/h | 380kg/h | 380kg/h | 380kg/h | 380kg/h |